

## GALLUP NEWS SERVICE

### GALLUP POLL SOCIAL SERIES: GOVERNANCE

-- FINAL TOPLINE --

Timberline: 937008  
H: 706  
Princeton Job #: 13-09-013

Jeff Jones, Lydia Saad  
September 5-8, 2013

---

Results are based on telephone interviews conducted August 7-11, 2013 with a random sample of **-1,510—** adults, aged 18+, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia. For results based on this sample of national adults, one can say with 95% confidence that the margin of error is  $\pm 3$  percentage points.

For results based on the sample of **-725—**national adults in Form A, the maximum margins of sampling error is  $\pm 5$  percentage points.

For results based on the sample of **-785—**national adults in Form B, the maximum margins of sampling error is  $\pm 4$  percentage points.

Interviews are conducted with respondents on landline telephones and cellular phones, with interviews conducted in Spanish for respondents who are primarily Spanish-speaking. Each sample of national adults includes a minimum quota of 50% cell phone respondents and 50% landline respondents, with additional minimum quotas by region. Landline and cell phone telephone numbers are selected using random digit dial methods. Landline respondents are chosen at random within each household on the basis of which member had the most recent birthday.

Samples are weighted to correct for unequal selection probability, non-response, and double coverage of landline and cell users in the two sampling frames. They are also weighted to match the national demographics of gender, age, race, Hispanic ethnicity, education, region, population density, and phone status (cell phone-only/landline only/both and cell phone mostly). Demographic weighting targets are based on the March 2012 Current Population Survey figures for the aged 18 and older U.S. population. Phone status targets are based on the July-December 2011 National Health Interview Survey. Population density targets are based on the 2010 census. All reported margins of sampling error include the computed design effects for weighting.

In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of public opinion polls.

---

7. Which political party do you think can do a better job of handling the problem you think is most important -- the Republican Party or the Democratic Party?

**BASED ON -1,490-- WHO NAME A MOST IMPORTANT PROBLEM; ±3 PCT PTS**

	Repub- lican Party	Demo- cratic Party	Same/ Other/No opinion	Repub- lican Party	Demo- cratic Party	Same/ Other/No opinion
<b><u>2011</u></b>						

20. Looking ahead for the next few years, which political party do you think will do a better job of protecting the country from international terrorism and military threats -- [ROTATED: the Republican Party or the Democratic Party]?

	<u>Republican</u>	<u>Democratic</u>	No difference (vol.)/ <u>No opinion</u>
2013 Sep 5-8	45	39	16
2012 Sep 6-9	45	45	10
2011 Sep 8-11	49	38	13
2010 Sep 13-16	51	38	12
2009 Aug 31-Sep 2	49	42	10
2008 Sep 8-11	49	42	9
2007 Sep 14-16	42	47	11
2006 Sep 7-10	44	42	13
2005 Sep 12-15	48	37	15
2003 Sep 8-10	51	36	13
2002 Sep 5-8	50	31	19



**Q. 21 (PARTY BETTER TO KEEP COUNTRY PROSPEROUS) CONTINUED**

	<u>Repub- lican</u>	<u>Demo- crat</u>	<u>No difference/ no opinion</u>	<u>Repub- lican</u>	<u>Demo- crat</u>	<u>No difference/ no opinion</u>
1962 May 31-Jun 5	25	48				

